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CANADIAN CENTRE FOR CYBER SECURITY

COMMON CRITERIA CERTIFICATION REPORT

Fortinet FortiGate/FortiOS 6.0.9

5 January 2021

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FOREWORD

This certification report is an UNCLASSIFIED publication, issued under the authority of the Chief, Communications Security Establishment (CSE).

The Information Technology (IT) product identified in this certification report, and its associated certificate, has been evaluated at an approved evaluation facility established under the Canadian Centre for Cyber Security (CCCS). This certification report, and its associated certificate, applies only to the identified version and release of the product in its evaluated configuration. The evaluation has been conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Canadian CC Scheme, and the conclusions of the evaluation facility in the evaluation report are consistent with the evidence adduced. This report, and its associated certificate, are not an endorsement of the IT product by Canadian Centre for Cyber Security, or any other organization that recognizes or gives effect to this report, and its associated certificate, and no warranty for the IT product by the Canadian Centre for Cyber Security, or any other organization that recognizes or gives effect to this report, and its associated certificate, is either expressed or implied.

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OVERVIEW

The Canadian Common Criteria Scheme provides a third-party evaluation service for determining the trustworthiness of Information Technology (IT) security products. Evaluations are performed by a commercial Common Criteria Evaluation Facility (CCEF) under the oversight of the Certification Body, which is managed by the Canadian Centre for Cyber Security.

A CCEF is a commercial facility that has been approved by the Certification Body to perform Common Criteria evaluations; a significant requirement for such approval is accreditation to the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025, the General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories.

By awarding a Common Criteria certificate, the Certification Body asserts that the product complies with the security requirements specified in the associated security target. A security target is a requirements specification document that defines the scope of the evaluation activities. The consumer of certified IT products should review the security target, in addition to this certification report, in order to gain an understanding of any assumptions made during the evaluation, the IT product's intended environment, the evaluated security functionality, and the testing and analysis conducted by the CCEF.

The certification report, certificate of product evaluation and security target posted to the Common Criteria portal (the official website of the International Common Criteria Project).

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Fortinet FortiGate/FortiOS 6.0.9 (hereafter referred to as the Target of Evaluation, or TOE), from Fortinet, Inc, was the subject of this Common Criteria evaluation. A description of the TOE can be found in Section 1.2. The results of this evaluation demonstrate that the TOE meets the requirements of the conformance claim listed in Section 1.1 for the evaluated security functionality.

Lightship Security is the CCEF that conducted the evaluation. This evaluation was completed on 5 January 2021 and was carried out in accordance with the rules of the Canadian Common Criteria Scheme.

The scope of the evaluation is defined by the Security Target, which identifies assumptions made during the evaluation, the intended environment for the TOE, and the security functional/assurance requirements. Consumers are advised to verify that their operating environment is consistent with that specified in the security target, and to give due consideration to the comments, observations, and recommendations in this Certification Report.

The Canadian Centre for Cyber Security, as the Certification Body, declares that this evaluation meets all the conditions of the Arrangement on the Recognition of Common Criteria Certificates and that the product is listed on the Certified Products list (CPL) for the Canadian CC Scheme and the Common Criteria portal (the official website of the International Common Criteria Project).



1 IDENTIFICATION OF TARGET OF EVALUATION

The Target of Evaluation (TOE) is identified as follows:

| Table 1: | TOE Ider | ntification |
|----------|----------|-------------|
|----------|----------|-------------|

| TOE Name and Version | Fortinet FortiGate/FortiOS 6.0.9 |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| Developer | Fortinet, Inc |

1.1 COMMON CRITERIA CONFORMANCE

The evaluation was conducted using the Common Methodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1 Revision 4, for conformance to the Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1 Revision 4.

The TOE claims the following conformance:

cPP for Stateful Traffic Filter Firewalls, v2.0e+20180314

Stateful Traffic Filter Firewall cPP Extended Package VPN Gateway, v2.1

Stateful Traffic Filter Firewalls Extended Package (EP) for Intrusion Prevention Systems (IPS), v2.11

1.2 TOE DESCRIPTION

The TOE is a firewall that includes Virtual Private Network (VPN) and Intrusion Prevention System (IPS) capabilities.

1.3 TOE ARCHITECTURE

A diagram of the TOE architecture is as follows:



Figure 1: TOE Architecture



2 SECURITY POLICY

The TOE implements and enforces policies pertaining to the following security functionality:

- Security Audit
- Cryptographic Support
- Residual Data Protection
- Identification and Authentication
- Security Management
- Protection of the TSF
- TOE Access
- O Trusted Path/Channels
- Stateful Traffic and Packet Filtering
- Intrusion Prevention

Complete details of the security functional requirements (SFRs) can be found in the Security Target (ST) referenced in section 8.2.

2.1 CRYPTOGRAPHIC FUNCTIONALITY

The following cryptographic implementations have been evaluated by the CAVP/CMVP and are used by the TOE:

| Cryptographic Module/Algorithm | Certificate Number |
|---|--------------------|
| Fortinet FortiOS SSL Cryptographic Library v6.0 | C1548, C1574 |
| Fortinet FortiOS CP9 Cryptographic Library Version CP9 | C1578 |
| Fortinet FortiOS FIPS Cryptographic Library v6.0 | C1572 |
| Fortinet CP8 Cryptographic Library v5.6 Version CP8 | C1797 |
| Fortinet CP9 lite Cryptographic Library v5.6 Version CP9 lite | C1798 |
| Fortinet FortiOS RBG Cryptographic Library v6.0 | C1571 |

Table 2: Cryptographic Implementation(s)

3 ASSUMPTIONS AND CLARIFICATION OF SCOPE

Consumers of the TOE should consider assumptions about usage and environmental settings as requirements for the product's installation and its operating environment. This will ensure the proper and secure operation of the TOE.

3.1 USAGE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ASSUMPTIONS

The following assumptions are made regarding the use and deployment of the TOE:

- The firewall device is assumed to be physically protected in its operational environment and not subject to physical attacks that compromise the security and/or interfere with the firewall's physical interconnections and correct operation. This protection is assumed to be sufficient to protect the firewall and the data it contains. As a result, the cPP will not include any requirements on physical tamper protection or other physical attack mitigations. The cPP will not expect the product to defend against physical access to the firewall that allows unauthorized entities to extract data, bypass other controls, or otherwise manipulate the firewall.
- The firewall device is assumed to provide networking and filtering functionality as its core function and not provide functionality/services that could be deemed as general purpose computing. For example the firewall device should not provide computing platform for general purpose applications (unrelated to networking/filtering functionality).
- The Security Administrator(s) for the firewall device are assumed to be trusted and to act in the best interest of security for the organization. This includes being appropriately trained, following policy, and adhering to guidance documentation. Administrators are trusted to ensure passwords/credentials have sufficient strength and entropy and to lack malicious intent when administering the firewall.
- The firewall device is not expected to be capable of defending against a malicious Administrator that actively works to bypass or compromise the security of the firewall device.
- The firewall device firmware and software is assumed to be updated by an Administrator on a regular basis in response to the release of product updates due to known vulnerabilities.
- The Administrator's credentials (private key) used to access the firewall are protected by the host platform on which they reside.
- The Administrator must ensure that there is no unauthorized access possible for sensitive residual information (e.g. cryptographic keys, keying material, PINs, passwords etc.) on firewall equipment when the equipment is discarded or removed from its operational environment.
- It is assumed that the TOE is connected to distinct networks in a manner that ensures that the TOE security policies will be enforced on all applicable network traffic flowing among the attached networks.



3.2 CLARIFICATION OF SCOPE

The TOE incorporates CAVP-validated cryptography and was not subjected to CMVP (FIPS-140) validation.

The FortiGate appliances are capable of a variety of functions and configurations which are not covered by the FWcPP and associated EPs.

The following features have not been examined as part of this evaluation:

- High-Availability
- FortiExplorer client
- Anti-spam
- O Anti-virus
- Content filtering
- Web filtering
- Use of syslog
- FortiToken and FortiSSO Authentication
- Stream Control Transmission Protocol (SCTP), BGP, RIP and DHCP protocols
- Usage of the boot-time configuration menu to upgrade the TOE
- Policy-based VPN
- SSL VPN
- Virtual domains (vdoms)
- Logging to FortiCloud

4 EVALUATED CONFIGURATION

The evaluated configuration for the TOE comprises:

• The TOE firmware (FortiOS v6.0.9 Build 5445, 200415) running on the following hardware platforms:

| FG-30E | FG-60E-DSL | FG-81E | FG-201E | FG-501E | FG-1200D | FG-3200D | FG-3800D |
|---------|--------------|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| FWF-30E | FG-60E-PoE | FG-81E-PoE | FG-300D | FG-600D | FG-1500D | FG-3300E | FG-3810D |
| FG-50E | FWF-60E | FG-100E | FG-300E | FG-600E | FG-2000E | FG-3301E | FG-3815D |
| FWF-50E | FWF-60E- DSL | FG-100EF | FG-301E | FG-601E | FG-2200E | FG-3400E | FG-3960E |
| FG-51E | FG-61E | FG-101E | FG-400D | FG-900D | FG-2201E | FG-3401E | FG-3980E |
| FWF-51E | FWF-61E | FG-140E | FG-400E | FG-1000D | FG-2500E | FG-3600E | FG-5001D* |
| FG-52E | FG-80E | FG-140E-PoE | FG-401E | FG-1100E | FG-3000D | FG-3601E | FG-5001E* |
| FG-60E | FG-80E-PoE | FG-200E | FG-500D | FG-1101E | FG-3100D | FG-3700D | FG-5001E1 |

With support from the operating environment for:

- Audit server
- VPN Endpoints
- O CRL web server

4.1 DOCUMENTATION

The following documents are provided to the consumer to assist in the configuration and installation of the TOE:

- a) FortiOS 6.0 Handbook, November 13, 2019, 01-600-481047-20191113
- b) FIPS 140-2 and Common Criteria Technote for FortiOS 6.0 and FortiGate NGFW appliances, November 6, 2020, 01-606-568218-20190628
- c) FortiOS 6.0.8 CLI Reference, December 06, 2019, 01-608-481104-20191208
- d) FortiOS 6.0.9 Log Reference, January 22, 2020, 01-609-478339-2020012
- e) FortiOS 6.0 Hardening your FortiGate, 18 July, 2019, 01-606-467596-20190718
- f) Custom IPS and Application Control Signature 3.6 Syntax Guide, February 25, 2020, 43-360-453749-20200225
- g) Fortinet FortiOS-Parallel Path Processing (Life of a Packet) Version 6.0, 01-606-480928-20190820
- h) FortiGate/FortiWiFi 30E/50E/51E 01-540-269598-20180808
- i) FortiGate 52E 01-540-300075-20170907
- j) FortiGate 60E/61E Series 01-540-367071-20181107
- k) FortiGate 60E-DSL 01-560-442605-20200519
- I) FortiGate 80E/81E 01-543-402959-20180808
- m) FortiGate 80E/81E-POE 01-542-391830-20180314
- n) FortiGate 100E/101E 01-540-366134-20170913



o) FortiGate 100EF 01-543-403497-20170907 p) FortiGate 140E Series 01-543-404092-20180807 q) FortiGate 200E/201E 01-542-381079-20190912 r) FortiGate 300D 01-506-238488-20170824 s) FortiGate 300E/301E 01-560-440261-20191010 t) FortiGate 400D 01-523-277788-20170824 u) FortiGate 400E/401E 01-563-522532-20200427 v) FortiGate 500D 01-523-278008-20190408 w) FortiGate 500E/501E 01-560-440260-20191009 x) FortiGate 600D 01-523-278008-20170907 y) FortiGate 600E/601E 01-602-519311-20190726 z) FortiGate 900D 01-523-279315-20200406 aa) FortiGate 1000D 01-503-237227-20200406 bb) FortiGate 1100E/1101E 01-620-24051-20190425 cc) FortiGate 1200D 01-540-306494-20190613 dd) FortiGate 2200E/2201E 01-600-231503-20200430 ee) FortiGate 3000D 01-522-266144-20170907 ff) FortiGate 3100D 01-5011-275737-20180711 gg) FortiGate 3200D 01-522-256537-20190321 hh) FortiGate 1500D 01-523-211767-20200406 ii) FortiGate 3300E/3301E 01-600-511354-20200430 ii) FortiGate 3400E Series 01-602-511354-20200225 kk) FortiGate 3600E Series 01-602-510285-20200225 II) FortiGate 3700D 01-540-292415-20190501-M FortiGate 3800D 01-540-292415-20190828-M mm) nn) FortiGate 3810D 01-522-261444-20170901-M oo) FortiGate 3815D 01-540-292419-20170901-M pp) FortiGate-5001D 01-560-0242101-20170728 gg) FortiGate 2000E/2500E 01-540-306896 -20170907 rr) FortiGate 3960E/3980E 01-540-376285-20180807 ss) FortiGate-5001E System Guide 01-600-410512-20190709

5 EVALUATION ANALYSIS ACTIVITIES

The evaluation analysis activities involved a structured evaluation of the TOE. Documentation and process dealing with Development, Guidance Documents, and Life-Cycle Support were evaluated.

5.1 **DEVELOPMENT**

The evaluators analyzed the documentation provided by the vendor; they determined that the design completely and accurately describes the TOE security functionality (TSF) interfaces and how the TSF implements the security functional requirements. The evaluators determined that the initialization process is secure, that the security functions are protected against tamper and bypass, and that security domains are maintained.

5.2 GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS

The evaluators examined the TOE preparative user guidance and operational user guidance and determined that it sufficiently and unambiguously describes how to securely transform the TOE into its evaluated configuration and how to use and administer the product. The evaluators examined and tested the preparative and operational guidance, and determined that they are complete and sufficiently detailed to result in a secure configuration.

Section 4.1 provides details on the guidance documents.

5.3 LIFE-CYCLE SUPPORT

An analysis of the TOE configuration management system and associated documentation was performed. The evaluators found that the TOE configuration items were clearly marked.

The evaluators examined the delivery documentation and determined that it described all of the procedures required to maintain the integrity of the TOE during distribution to the consumer.

6 TESTING ACTIVITIES

Testing consists of the following three steps: assessing developer tests, performing independent functional tests, and performing penetration tests.

6.1 ASSESSMENT OF DEVELOPER TESTS

The evaluators verified that the developer has met their testing responsibilities by examining their test evidence, and reviewing their test results, as documented in the Evaluation Test Report (ETR). The correspondence between the tests identified in the developer's test documentation and the functional specification was complete.

6.2 CONDUCT OF TESTING

The TOE was subjected to a comprehensive suite of formally documented, independent functional and penetration tests. The detailed testing activities, including configurations, procedures, test cases, expected results and observed results are documented in a separate Test Results document.

6.3 INDEPENDENT FUNCTIONAL TESTING

During this evaluation, the evaluator developed independent functional tests by examining design and guidance documentation.

All testing was planned and documented to a sufficient level of detail to allow repeatability of the testing procedures and results. The following testing activities were performed:

- a. PP Assurance Activities: The evaluator performed the assurance activities listed in the claimed PP
- b. Cryptographic Implementation Verification: The evaluator verified that the claimed cryptographic implementations are present and used in the TOE.

6.3.1 FUNCTIONAL TEST RESULTS

The developer's tests and the independent functional tests yielded the expected results, providing assurance that the TOE behaves as specified in its ST and functional specification.

6.4 INDEPENDENT PENETRATION TESTING

The penetration testing effort focused on 4 flaw hypotheses.

- Public Vulnerability based (Type 1)
- Technical community sources (Type 2)
- Evaluation team generated (Type 3)
- Tool Generated (Type 4)

The evaluators conducted an independent review of all evaluation evidence, public domain vulnerability databases and technical community sources (Type 1 & 2). Additionally, the evaluators used automated vulnerability scanning tools to discover potential network, platform, and application layer vulnerabilities (Type 4). Based upon this review, the evaluators formulated flaw hypotheses (Type 3), which they used in their penetration testing effort.

6.4.1 PENETRATION TEST RESULTS

Type 1 & 2 searches were conducted on 1/5/2021 and included the following search terms:

| Fortinet | Araneus USB TRNG hardware token | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| FortiGate | Linux Kernel | |
| FortiOS | OpenSSL | |
| CP8, CP9 | OpenSSH | |
| Fortinet Entropy Token | Apache | |

Vulnerability searches were conducted using the following sources:

| Fortinet security advisories (<u>https://fortiguard.com/psirt</u>) | Tipping Point Zero Day Initiative: <u>http://www.zerodayinitiative.com/advisories</u> |
|--|--|
| NIST National Vulnerabilities Database: | Offensive Security Exploit Database: |
| https://web.nvd.nist.gov/view/vuln/search | https://www.exploit-db.com/ |
| Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures: <u>http://cve.mitre.org/cve/</u> | Rapid7 Vulnerability Database: |
| https://www.cvedetails.com/vulnerability-search.php | https://www.rapid7.com/db/vulnerabilities |
| Community (Symantec) security community: | OpenSSL Vulnerabilities: |
| https://www.securityfocus.com/ | https://www.openssl.org/news/vulnerabilities.html |
| US-CERT: http://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/html/search | Tenable Network Security: http://nessus.org/plugins/index.php?view=search |

The independent penetration testing did not uncover any residual exploitable vulnerabilities in the intended operating environment.



7 RESULTS OF THE EVALUATION

This evaluation has provided the basis for the conformance claim documented in Table 1. The overall verdict for this evaluation is **PASS**. These results are supported by evidence in the ETR.

The Information Technology (IT) product identified in this certification report, and its associated certificate, has been evaluated at an approved evaluation facility established under the Canadian Centre for Cyber Security (CCCS). This certification report, and its associated certificate, apply only to the specific version and release of the product in its evaluated configuration.

The evaluation has been conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Canadian Common Criteria Scheme and the conclusions of the evaluation facility in the evaluation report are consistent with the evidence adduced. This is not an endorsement of the IT product by CCCS or by any other organization that recognizes or gives effect to this certificate, and no warranty of the IT product by CCCS or by any other organization that recognizes or gives effect to this certificate, is expressed or implied.

7.1 RECOMMENDATIONS/COMMENTS

- It is recommended that all guidance outlined in Section 4.1 be followed to configure the TOE in the evaluated configuration.
- This product is a complex UTM. Administrators are expected to be competent and trained in the concepts demanded by this product. Administrators are expected to understand X.509 certificates (and associated PKI requirements) and understand the security of those components. The custom IPS syntax is rich, yet complex. IPS patterns should be properly tested before deploying. Administrators could benefit from product-specific training

8 SUPPORTING CONTENT

8.1 LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

| Term | Definition |
|------|--|
| CAVP | Cryptographic Algorithm Validation Program |
| CCEF | Common Criteria Evaluation Facility |
| СМ | Configuration Management |
| CMVP | Cryptographic Module Validation Program |
| CSE | Communications Security Establishment |
| CCCS | Canadian Centre for Cyber Security |
| EAL | Evaluation Assurance Level |
| ETR | Evaluation Technical Report |
| GC | Government of Canada |
| IT | Information Technology |
| ITS | Information Technology Security |
| PP | Protection Profile |
| SFR | Security Functional Requirement |
| ST | Security Target |
| TOE | Target of Evaluation |
| TSF | TOE Security Function |

8.2 **REFERENCES**

| Reference |
|---|
| Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1 Revision 4, September 2012. |
| Common Methodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation, CEM, Version 3.1 Revision 4, September 2012. |
| Security Target Fortinet FortiGate/FortiOS 6.0, 5 January 2021, v1.1 |
| Evaluation Technical Report Fortinet FortiGate/FortiOS 6.0, 5 January 2021, v1.1 |
| Assurance Activity Report Fortinet FortiGate/FortiOS 6.0, 5 January 2021, v1.3 |